GOROSHKO, O.A.; ULITKO, A.F.

Work of the Seminar of Mechanics at the Institute of Mechanics of the Academy of Sciences of the Ukrainian S.S.R. in the first months of 1964. Prikl. mekh. 1 no.1:139-143 '65. (MIRA 18:5)

GOROSHKO, O.A. (Kiyev)

Equations of elastic vibrations of a rod in a mobile system of coordinates. Prikl. mekh. 1 no.2:18-24 '65. (MIRA 18:6)

1. Institut mekhaniki AN UkrSSR.

L 1673-66 EMT(d)/EMT(m)/EMP(w)/EMP(v)/T-2/EMP(k)/EMA(h)/ETC(m) WW/EM UR/0198/65/001/005/0140/0142 ACCESSION NR: AP5014832 AUTHOR: Goroshko, O. A.; Kayuk, Ya. F. TITLE: Work of the seminar on Mechanics at the Institute of Mechanics, Academy of Sciences Ukr SSR in the second half of. 1964 SOURCE: Prikladnaya mekhanika, v. 1, no. 5, 1965, 140-142 TOPIC TAGS: mechanics seminar, continuum mechanics, solid dynamics, fluid dynamics ABSTRACT: The second half of the Seminar on Mechanics held at the Institute of Mechanics, Academy of Sciences Ukrish consisted (like the first half) of two sections: 1) mechanics of continuum; and 2) the dynamics of solid and fluid systems. Nine lectures were delivered in Section 2 during the second half of 1964 and the beginning of 1965 on the mechanics of deformable solids; informative reports were also presented on the work of meetings, conferences, and of international congresses on mechanics. The papers were presented by following persons: A. N. Guz', G. S. Pisarenko, G. N. Savin, and K. B. Tolpygo (all from Kiev);
Yu. I. Borshch, V. J. Maksimenko, Yu. A. Molchan, and G. V. Vorontsov (all from Novocherkassk; V. S. Gubenko (Dnepropetrovsk); and V. L. Rvachev (Khar'kov). 1/2

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/25/2000 CIA

CIA-RDP86-00513R000516310017-7

ACCESSION NR: AP5014832

Ten lectures were delivered in Section 2 which were devoted to the dynamic stability of shells in liquid and gas flows; the dynamic stability of elastic structures under randomly varying parametric loads; and to nonholonomic mechanics, aerodynamics, and variable-mass problems. The following persons delivered papers:

N. A. Kil'chevskiy, V. M. Kuz'ma, Ye. F. Levchuk, I. P. Mel'nichenko, O. P.

Protsenko, S. G. Shpakova, V. V. Stepanyuk, and I. I. Yefremov (all from Kiev);

B. A. Korbut and S. G. Saksonov (both from Zaporozhye); G. N. Knyazev (Khar'kov);

G. Ya. Zaydenberg (Kalinin); M. P. Petrenko, and L. N. Makadzeba. The goals of the seminar were the coordination of investigations on dynamics carried out in scientific research institutions and the establishment of contact among investigators working in the field of dynamics.

[VK]

ASSOCIATION: none

SUBMITTED: 00

ENCL: 00

SUB CODE: ME, AS

NO REF SOV: 000

OTHER: 000

Card 2/2 DP

GOROSHKO, O.N.

Device for determining the apparent density. Kin. 1 kat. 5 no.3: 533-534 My-Je '64. (MIPA 17:11)

l. Lisichanskiy filial Gosudarstvennogo instituta azotnoy promyshlennosti i organicheskogo sinteza.

GOROSHKO, O.O

28682

8/021/60/000/007/005/009

D211/D305

AUTHORS:

Savin, H.M., Academician AS UkrSSR, and Horoshko, 0.0.

TITLE:

Integro-differential equations of the motion of

objects with variable dimensions

PERIODICAL:

Akademiya nauk Ukrayins'koyi RSR, Dopovidi, no. 7,

1960. 892 - 898

TEXT: The aim of the authors is to show, with a few examples, how to change the differential equations of motion with boundary conditions into integro-differential equations: this will permit the use of integral equation methods in conjunction with asymptotic methods: 1) Differential equations of an elastic thread with a variable length, and different conditions on its ends could, according to the author in a previous article (Ref. 1: Prykladna mekhanika, 1, 1, 5, 1955) be as follows:

 $\frac{\mathbf{q}}{\mathbf{g}} \frac{\partial^2 \mathbf{x}}{\partial \mathbf{t}^2} - \frac{\partial \mathbf{P}}{\partial \mathbf{x}} - \mathbf{q} = \mathbf{0} \tag{3}$

Card 1/7

28682

S/021/60/000/007/005/009 D211/D305

Integro-differential equations ...

TuteBlo-gilleleugist edagatons ..

 $P(x, t) = EF \frac{\partial u(x, t)}{\partial x}, \qquad (2)$

q - the weight per unit length, E - modulus of elasticity, F - the area of the cross-section of the elastic thread, and u(x, t) - the absolute extension of the length x,

 $X(x, t) = x + u(x, t) - \int_{0}^{t} v_{c}(t) dt$ (1)

v_i(t) - the linear velocity on the surface of the rotating shaft.

Boundary conditions are for $x = l_0$

$$\left(\frac{Q}{g}\frac{\partial^{3}u}{\partial t^{2}} + EF\frac{\partial u}{\partial x}\right)_{x=t_{0}} = Q\left(1 + \frac{\dot{v}_{e}}{g}\right).$$
(5)

and for $x = \ell$ $u(l,t) = \int_{0}^{\infty} \left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial x}\right)_{x=l} \frac{dl}{dt} dt; \quad u(l,t) = \int_{0}^{\infty} \left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} i + b \frac{\partial u}{\partial t}\right)_{x=l} dt. \tag{9}$

Card 2/7

where

28682 S/021/60/000/007/005/009 D211/D305

Integro-differential equations ...

where b = 0 if there is no slipping of the thread on the shaft. By multiplying

 $\frac{q}{g} \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial t^2} = EF \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + q \left(1 + \frac{v_c}{g}\right)$ (4)

by the function $k(x_1s_1)$ symmetrical with respect to x and s

$$K(x,s,l) = \begin{cases} (s-l)/EF & s \leq x, \\ (x-l)/EF & s > x, \end{cases}$$
 (13)

and integrating one obtains

$$u(x,t) = -\int_{l(t)}^{t_0} K(x,s,t) \frac{q}{g} \left(\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial t^2} - g - \dot{v}_c \right) ds - K(x,t_0,t) \frac{Q}{g} \left(\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial t^2} - g - \dot{v}_c \right) + \int_0^t \frac{\partial u(t,t)}{\partial x} \mathcal{Q}_{dt}.$$

$$(15)$$

Card 3/7

28682

S/U21/60/000/007/005/009 D211/D305

Integro-differential equations ...

Let $v(x_1t)$ be a new function connected with $u(x_1t)t$ by relation

$$u(x,t) = v(x,t) + \int_{0}^{t} \left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial x}\right)_{x=1} \frac{dl}{dt} dt.$$
 (16)

or

$$u(x,t) = v(x,t) + \int_{0}^{t} \left(\frac{\partial v(x,t)}{\partial x}\right)_{x=t} \frac{dt}{dt} dt.$$
 (17)

For this function equation (15) reduces to

$$v(x,t) = -\int_{0}^{t_{0}} K(x,s,t) \frac{q}{g} \left\{ \frac{\partial^{2}v}{\partial t^{2}} - g - \dot{v}_{e} \right\} ds - K(x,t_{0},t) \frac{Q}{g} \left(\frac{\partial^{2}v}{\partial t^{2}} - g - \dot{v}_{e} \right)_{x=t_{0}} - \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dl}{dt} \cdot \frac{\partial v}{\partial x} \right)_{x=t} \left[\int_{0}^{t_{0}} K(x,s,t) \frac{q}{g} ds + K(x,t_{0},t) \frac{Q}{g} \right].$$

$$(18)$$

Card 4/7

28682 S/021/60/000/007/005/009 D211/D305

Integro-differential equations ...

and the critical conditions take the form

$$v(x,0) = f_1(x); \quad \frac{\partial v(x,0)}{\partial t} = f_0(x) - f_1(0) - \frac{dl(0)}{dt}. \tag{19}$$

A similar formula was obtained in the case where $b \neq 0$. The authors consider also the case where Eq. (2) is not satisfied, i.e. for the imperfect elastic thread. 2) A differential equation is also given for the transversal oscillations of the beam. The author obtained integro-differential equation of the motion of the beam of variable length in the form

$$u(x,t) = -\int_{0}^{l(t)} K(x,s,t) \frac{q}{g} \cdot \frac{\partial^{3} u(s,t)}{\partial t^{2}} ds.$$
 (27)

3) Similarly, the differential equation of motion of a variable string was treated; there

$$\frac{\mathbf{q}}{\mathbf{g}} \cdot \frac{\partial^2 \mathbf{u}}{\partial \mathbf{t}^2} = \mathbf{T} \frac{\partial^2 \mathbf{u}}{\partial \mathbf{x}^2} \tag{28}$$

Card 5/7

28782 S/021/60/000/007/005/009 D211/D305

Integro-differential equations ...

$$u(0,t) = u(l,t) = 0, (29)$$

$$K(x, s, l) = \begin{cases} s(l-x)/EF & s < x, \\ x(l-s)/EF & s > x, \end{cases}$$
(30)

The integro-differential equation was

$$v(x,t) = -\int_{0}^{t(0)} K(x,s,t) \frac{q}{s!} \cdot \frac{\partial^{2}v}{\partial t^{2}} ds - \frac{\partial^{2}f(l,v)}{dt^{2}} \int_{0}^{t(l,v)} K(x,s,t) \frac{q}{s!} s ds$$

$$f(l,v) = \frac{1}{l} \int_{0}^{t} \left[\int_{0}^{t} \frac{1}{l} \cdot \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{\partial v}{\partial x} \right)_{x-l} dt \right] i dt.$$
(31)

The equivalence of differential and integro-differential forms for the given problems was proved i.e. any solution of a differential form is a solution of some corresponding integro-differential form and vice-versa. This equivalence allows one to apply the variation methods or methods of integral equations, together with asymptotic

Card 6/7

28682

Integro-differential equations ...

S/021/60/000/007/005/009 D211/D305

methods. There are 4 figures and 2 Soviet-bloc references.

ASSOCIATION: Instytut mekhaniki AN Ukr R (Institute of Mechanics AS UkrSSR)

SUBMITTED: November 12, 1960

Card 7/7

GOROSHKO, 0.0. [Horoshko, 0.0.]

Work of the second symposium on problems of the durability and the improvement of quality of steel ropes. Prykl. mekh. 10 no.5:575-576 '64. (MIRA 17:10)

I 23901-66 FWT(d)/FWP(1' IJP(c) BC

ACC NK: AP6009847

SOURCE CODE: UR/0413/66/000/004/0038/0038

AUTHOR: Mityushkin, K. G.; Ambrosovich, V. D.; Klemin, V. A.; Gorshkov, S. V.

48 B

ORG: none

TITLE: A cyclic device for remote control and signalling. Class 21, No. 178882 [announced by the "Elektropul't" Plant (Zavod "elektropul't") and the All-Union Scientific Research Institute of Power Engineering (Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut energetiki)]

SOURCE: Izobreteniya, promyshlemnyye obraztsy, tovarnyye znaki, no. 4, 1966, 38

TOPIC TAGS: remote control, telemetry, cyclic coding, electronic circuit

ABSTRACT: This Author's Certificate introduces: 1. A cyclic unilateral (simplex) action device for remote control and signalling with pulsed time marks. The unit consists of two subassemblies for remote control and signalling. On the transmission side of each of these sets is a pulse generator, distributor, coder, time code shaper, linear unit and a unit for frequency-division channel multiplex. On the receiving side are a unit for frequency-division multiplex, amplifier, shaper, decoder, distributor, pulse duration selectors, a unit for authorizing actuation and individual output control relay units. On the transmission side of the cyclic unilateral (simplex) action remote signalling device are a distributor, an automatic triggering device, a coder,

Card 1/3

UDC: 621.398

L 23901-66 ACC NR: AP6009847

1--pulse generator; 2--pulse distributor; 3--control panel; 4--command acceleration unit; 5--discharge unit; 6--linear unit; 7--frequency-division multiplex unit; 8--time code shaper; 9₁-9_n and 10₁-10₈--distributor elements; 11--blocking cell.

time code shaper, linear unit, frequency-division multiplex, and on the receiving side are a frequency-division multiplex unit, amplifier, shaper, distributor, decoder, pulse mark duration selectors, reception accuracy control unit and individual output signalling relay unit. In order to prevent indefinite delay during transmission of remote control commands due to the necessity for resetting the distributor to the initial state, a

command acceleration unit is used in the remote control device. The input of this unit is connected to the output of the coding unit and the first output of the coding unit is connected to the input of the first cell of the distributor while the second output is connected through a discharge circuit to the input of the coupling circuit for the distributor. 2. A modification of this device in which false signals are eliminated

Card 2/3

	COU	haring c	Treate (or the	aistri	is a blocki butor. 3.	A modificat	ion of thi	e danica in		L _	
	A C.L.	ranttr	y and it	esista	ice to	interferenc butors to e	e are impro	ved by cor	manting the	autnut	of	
	SUB	CODE:	09/	SUBM	DATE:	29Jan64/	ORIG REF	: 000/	OTH REF:	000		
											•	
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·										
									•			
												•
									•			
L	Card	3/3 /	5K									

GOROSHKO, V.D.

Measuring the speed of restricted motion of bodies in liquids. Vest. AN SSSR 25 no.8:47-49 Ag '55. (MLRA 9:1) (Ore dressing) (Dynamics of a particle)

A description and diagram are given of apparatus for the measurement of a steel ball tagged with radioactive cobalt or zinc, or a coal particle tagged with radioactive cobalt, falling through a liquid. The principle is to be applied to the study of the gravity preparation of coal.

GOROSHK	1646. Use of andicactive methods (canna mays) in coal fretheration. Grostko, V.D. (Vesta. Akad. Mank 8888 [J. Acad. 851., U.S.S.A.), Feb. 1956, 19, 601: The institute of lined fuels has been working on the use of general found have an energy below 0.1 lay and the line redication used should have an energy below 0.1 lay and the line redication (0.076 Mov) may found to be a better source than escalt-60 or selenium-75. A rapid method of san determination has been worked out which reduces analysis time from hours to 1-2 min. General rays are also being tried for the automatic separation of rock from escal in run-of-mine scal travelling on a conveyor belt.	
	고급하는 1 전에 가는 사용을 보고 있다면 하는 것이 되었다. 그런 그는 그리고 있는 것이 되는 것이 되었다. 그런	
	다음에 가장 보고 있는데 보고 있다. 	
	크레스 그 전 기를 통해야 되는 것이다. 하는 것이 하는 것이 되었다. 강하게 하는 것이 말을 가득하게 되고 있다. 사람들은 사람들은 것이 되는 것이 되는 것이 되었다. 나를 하는 것이	
		i

GOROSHKO, V.D. Cam Teche Sci (diss) "Utilization of Radioactive Coal Consentation" Coal Consentation" Financial Solution of Coal Consentation of Coal Coal Coal Coal Coal Coal Coal Coal	
Coal Consentation: Coal Coal Coal Coal Coal Coal Coal Coal	
	· .
- 25 -	

GOROSHKO, V.D. and YUROVSKIY, A. Z.

"Use of Radioactive Isotopes and Radiations in Coal Preparation Research and Practice," (Section F).

paper submitted for Third Intl. Coal Preparation Congress, Leige, Belgium, 23-28 June 1958.

GOROSHKO, V.D.; ROZENBAUM, R.B.; TODES, O.M.

Approximate hydraulic characteristics of fluidized bed and solids flow. Izv. vys. ucheb. zav.; neft' i gaz no.1:125-131 '58. (MIRA 11:8)

1.Leningradskiy gornyy institut i Institut goryuchikh iskopayesykh AN SSSR. (Gracking process)

sov/186-59-1-26/29

Goroshko, V.D. (Moscow) AUTHOR:

TITLE:

Investigation of the Attenuation of Gamma-Rays Passing Through Coal (Issledovaniye oslableniya intensivnosti

gamma-luchey pri prokhozhlenii cherez ugol')

PERIODICAL: Izvestiya Akademii nauk, SSSR, Otdeleniye tekhnicheskikh nauk, Metallurgiya i toplivo, 1959, Nr 1, pp 120-122 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: In the investigation described the attenuation of gammarays of various energies passing through specially prepared coal/rock and coal/pyrite briquettes was studied. The energy range covered (with a suitable selection of radioactive isotopes) was 1.33 - 0.085 MeV. Preliminary calculations of the effect were carried out making certain simplifications based on similarity of behaviour of coal elements (Fig 1); these become less valid at lower energies. Calculations for 1.3, 0.66, 0.3, 0.018 and 0.06 MeV energies show that difference in attenuation (contrast) increases with decreasing gamma-ray energy, increasing thickness of absorbing layer and increasing pyrites content. A great increase in contrast is obtained with energies below 0.085 MeV. The deviation of

Card 1/2

the experimental from the calculated results is

SOV/180-59-1-26/29

Investigation of the Attenuation of Gamma-Rays Passing Through Coal negligible with hard rays and gradually increases as the energy decreases; for purposes of coal testing for mineral content the deviations have little effect. Figs 2 and 3 show values of experimental and calculated contrast coefficients for rays of various energies passing through 10 cm thick coal/rock and coal/pyrite briquettes, respectively. Fig 4 shows curves of the intensity change of 0.085 MeV gamma-rays passing through coal/rock briquettes 25-140 mm thick. The author suggests that the attenuation effect could be used for automatic removal of rock or pyrites from a stream of coal lumps or for automatic separation of run-of-mine coal according to its mineral (particularly pyrite) content.

There are 4 figures and 4 references, 3 of which are Soviet and 1 English.

SUBMITTED: March 6, 1958

Expanding the possibility of using penetrating radiation in coal preparation. Izv.AN SSSR.Otd.tekh.nauk.Met.i topl. no.4:185-186
J1-4g '60. (Goal preparation)
(Quanuma rays--Industrial applications)

GOROSHKO, V., kand.tekhn.nauk

By means of radioactive rays. Mast.ugl. 9 no.10:23 0 '60.

(MIRA 13:11)

(Goal preparation) (Separators(Machines))

(Radioisotopes--Industrial applications)

s/032/61/027/001/008/037 B017/B054

5.5500

AUTHORS:

Goroshko, V. D. and Gupalo, Yu. P.

TITLE:

Radiometric Method of Viscosity Determination

PERIODICAL:

Zavodskaya laboratoriya, 1961, Vol. 27, No. 1, pp. 38-40

TEXT: To determine rheological properties of hydro- and aerosuspensions, a method was developed to measure the velocity of descent of a body containing a radioactive isotope. The apparatus is schematically shown in Fig. 1. In the scintillation cell, a monocrystal of sodium iodide is attached to the front side of the photomultiplier. The latter is installed in a lead collimator. At an activity of the descending bodies of 20-50 µC, the gap width of the collimator varies between 2 and 10 mm. The intensity of radiation is calculated by the following formula:

 $I = Cy/(R+x)^2$

where y = gap width, R = distance of the motion line of the tagged substance from the front side of the collimator, x = gap depth, C = proportionality factor. Fig. 2 shows the mode of operation of the Card 1/2

11013

Radiometric Method of Viscosity Determination \$\(5/032/61/027/001/008/037 \)
B017/B054

collimator with the radioactive isotope. Co⁶⁰, Zn⁶⁵, and Sn¹¹³ were used as radioactive isotopes in globules made of plastics. The viscosity of aqueous and suspensions was determined by the method described; results are given in a table. The values were compared with those obtained by measurements with a rotation viscosimeter. They were found to be in good agreement. The radiometric method of viscosity determination is recommended for determining rheological properties of suspensions. There are 2 figures and 1 table.

ASSOCIATION: Institut goryuchikh iskopayemykh Akademii nauk SSSR (Institute of Mineral Fuels, Academy of Sciences USSR)

Card 2/2

GOROSHKO, V.D., REMESNIKOV, I.D., YUROVSKIY, A.Z., KORSHUNOV, V.I.

"New dry Processes for coal preparation(magnetic, aero-suspension and radiometric methods)."

Report to be submitted for the 4th Intl. Coal Preparation Congress Harrogate, Yorkshire, Great Britain 28 May-1 June '62.

Inst. of Mineral Fuels, AS USSR

GOROSHKO, V.D., kand.tekhn.nauk

"Gamma-eye" helps to separate. Nauka i zhizn⁴ 28 no.9:30-31
S'61. (MIRA 14:12)

(Coal preparation)

PIKUS, M. Mu.; KHINKO, S.V.; GOROSHKO, V.F.

Investigating the nature of feed-value variations, pressure and power consumption of the 8641 cutting machine. Shor.trud.Inst. (MIRA 16:5)

(Gutting machines—Testing)

(Gutting machines—Testing)

37130 S/108/62/017/005/006/007 D407/D301

9:2540

Goroshko, V. F.

TITLE:

AUTHOR:

Oscillation system of a frequency-modulated self-excited oscillator incorporating p-n junction capaci-

tances

PERIODICAL: Radiotekhnika, v. 17, no. 5, 1962, 63-71

TEXT: In the general case, it is assumed that the modulator consists of a single junction. The equivalent circuit of a semiconductor junction at high frequency is shown consisting of 4 elements. The capacitance characteristics of several types of junctions are considered. A figure shows the experimentally determined characteristics of Soviet devices, especially designed for the purpose of operating as controlled capacitors. An oscillation system, consisting of a non-homogeneous line, short-circuited at the end and of a tube capacitance, is analyzed. The analysis is carried out by the method of linear networks. The equation of the resonance system is derived, viz:

Card 1/4

Oscillation system of ...

S/108/62/017/005/006/007 D407/D301

$$\omega C - \frac{1}{\omega L} = \frac{1}{W} \left(\operatorname{ctg} \ ml_2 - \frac{\operatorname{tg} \ ml_1 + \omega C_0 W}{1 - \omega C_0 W \operatorname{tg} \ ml_1} \right)$$

$$m = \frac{2W}{\Lambda}$$
(12)

W is the wave resistance. Eq. (12) is analyzed for various types of modulator reactance (capacitive, inductive, sign-changing); the system equations for each type are derived. These equations are solved by the grapho-analytic method. The resistiance of the modulator can be increased to the required value by means of a transforming line; formulas are obtained for the length of the line.

1) In order to effect frequency modulation over a wide range and at great speed of retuning in small generators, it is expedient to use semiconductor p-n junctions as variable resistances. 2) The sign of the reactance, due to the modulator, can change as a function of

Card 2/4

Oscillation system of ...

S/108/62/017/005/006/007 D407/D301

the generated frequency. This circumstance can be used for frequency modulation at very high frequencies, higher than the natural frequency of the modulator. 3) In designing the frequency-modulated oscillator, it is possible to use the family of modulation curves of the generator. 4) A transforming line has to be used for matching the low input resistance of the modulator with the high equivalent resistance of the oscillation circuit. 5) If frequencies are used, higher than the natural resonance frequency of the modulator, then oscillator tubes with small stray capacitance are particularly recommended. 6) The steepness of the modulation characteristic increases (for a given frequency) with: a) decreasing stray capacitance, b) increasing W, c) increasing coupling coeffi-There are 13 figures and 10 references; 6 Soviet-bloc and 4 non-Soviet-bloc (including 1 translation). The references to the English-language publications read as follows: M. M. Brady. Electronics, v. 32, no. 34, 1959; Collins Arsem. Electronics, v. 32, no. 49, 1959; L. J. Giacoletto and J. H. O'Connell. RCA Rev., v.17, Card 3/4

S/108/62/017/005/006/007 D407/D301

Oscillation system of ...

no. 1, 1956.

SUBMITTED: May 28, 1960 (initially)
January 26, 1961 (after revision)

Card 4/4

CIA-RDP86-00513R000516310017-7" APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/25/2000

PIKUS, M.Yu., kand. tekhn. nauk; GOROSHKO, V.F., inzh.

Cutting forces in working with circular seva. Nauke - proizv.
no.1:21-26 '63. (HRA 18:3)

S/180/60/000/004/026/027 E071/E433

AUTHORS: Goroshko, V.L., Todes, O.M. and Yurovskiy, A.Z.

- (Hoscow)

.

TITLE: An Extension in the Possibilities of Application of

Penetrating Radiations in Coal Beneficiation Processes

PERIODICAL: Izvestiya Akademii nauk SSSR, Otdeleniye tekhnicheskikh nauk, Metallurgiya i toplivo, 1960, No.4, pp.185-186

TEXT: During the last few years a number of investigations on the application of γ and X-rays for the automation of coal beneficiation processes was carried out in the USSR. As a result, various separators were proposed in which the dependence of the degree of absorption of rays on the content of mineral admixtures in coal was utilized. The scheme proposed suffered admixtures in coal was utilized. The scheme proposed suffered admixtures in caused by the influence of differences in the from a limitation caused by the influence of differences in the particle size on the degree of absorption. In the paper two schemes of compensating the degree of absorption of rays for the thickness of coal particles are outlined. The two-rays scheme (Fig.1) is based on the utilization of differences in the degree of absorption of γ or X-rays of a low and medium power by a piece Card 1/2

ADDDOVED FOR DELEACE. 00/0E/0000 ... OTA BBD06 000400000140010010 ...

S/180/60/000/004/026/027 E071/E-33

An Extension in the Possibilities of Application of Penetrating Radiations in Coal Beneficiation Processes

of coal. If both rays are passed through the same piece of coal and their intensities measured, then a mathematical treatment of the data obtained permits determining mass coefficients of absorption of the rays used. A single ray method (Fig. 2) is based on the application of an electromechanical corrector with a moving probe. The position of the probe is determined by the size of the coal pieces passing under it. The probe is connected with an apparatus regulating any electrical value (resistance, capacity, inductivity etc); this apparatus is incorporated into the measuring system and compensates for the non-uniformity of coal pieces. There are 3 figures and 2 Soviet references.

SUBMITTED: March 9, 1960

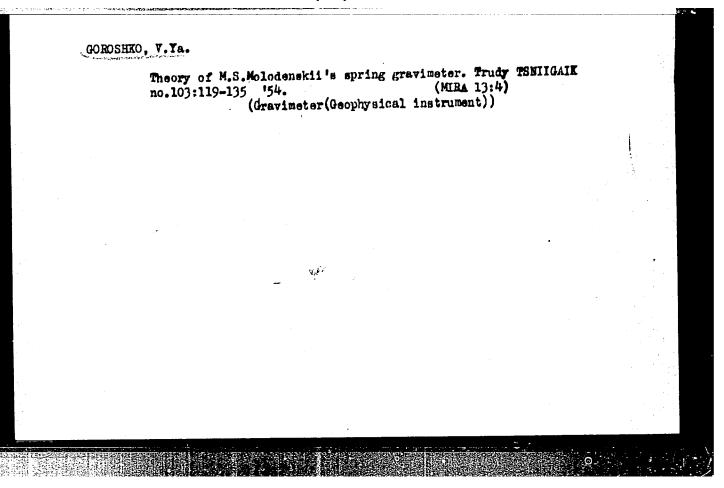
Card 2/2

GOROSHKO, V. YA., Junior Scientific Associate of the Central Sci Res Inst of Geodesy, Aerial Photography and Cartography

"Theory of the Spring Gravimeter." Sub 27, Mar 47, Moscow Order of Lenin State U imeni M. V. Lomonosev

Dissertations presented for degrees in science and engineering in Hoscow in 1947

80: Sum No. 457, 18 Apr 55



SOV/124-58-5-6095

Translation from: Referativnyy zhurnal, Mekhanika, 1958, Nr 5, p 153 (USSR)

Goroshko [Horoshko, V.Ya.] AUTHOR:

TITLE:

On the Theory of Flexure of Plane Springs (K teorii izgiba

ploskikh pruzhin) in Ukrainian

PERIODICAL: Nauk. zap. Kam"yanets'-Podil's'k. derzh. ped. in-t, 1956,

Vol 2, pp 3-5

ABSTRACT: The weight of the spring itself is taken into consideration. Reviewer's name not given

1. Springs--Theory

2. Springs--Deflection

Card 1/1

ZANHAROV, B.P.; GOROSHKOV, A.A., doktor tekhnicheskikh nauk, retsenzent;

ZHAROV, B.T., doktor tekhnicheskikh nauk, retsenzent;

ZHAROV, B.P.; GOROSHKOV, A.A., doktor tekhnicheskikh nauk, retsenzent;

ZHAROV, B.P.; GOROSHKOV, B.P.; GOR

- 100mmのからは、100mmのからは、100mmのできた。

VASILENKO, A.A., akademik, otv.red.; GORSHKOV, A.A., red.; POSTNIKOV, I.M., doktor tekhn.nauk, red.; KOTSSHKO, B.M., doktor tekhn.nauk, red.; ADAMENKO, A.I., kand.tekhn.nauk, red.; DAVIDOV, G.M., kand.ekonom.nauk, red.; LEPKIY, S.D., red.izd-va; BUNIY, R.A., tekhn.red.

[Manufacture of machinery; proceedings of a conference on the development of productive forces of the Kharkov Economic Region] Voprosy mashinostroeniia; trudy nauchno-tekhnicheskoi konferenteii po razvitiiu proizvoditel nykh sil Khar kovskogo ekonomicheskogo raiona. Kiev. No.3. 1960. 182 p. (MIRA 14:3)

1. Akademiya nauk USSR. Kiyev. Sovet po izucheniyu proizvoditel'nykh sil Ukrainskoy SSR. 2. AM USSR (for Vasilenko). 3. Chlenkorrespondent AM USSR (for Gorshkov). (Kharkov Economic Region-Industries)

GOROSHKOV, Boris Ivanovich; BARDASH, A.F., spetsredaktor

[Swine house for 40 sows, with a loft, made of precast reinforced concrete units produced locally by collective farm labor] Swinar-nik-matochnik na 40 swinomatok s cherdachnym pomeshcheniem is sbornykh zhelezobetonnykh konstruktsii, izgotovliaemykh na meste silami kolkhosa. Tipovoi proekt No.213. Kiev, Izdateliskii otdel, 1956. 15 p., 75 plans. (MIRA 9:10)

1. Ukrainskiy gosudarstvennyy institut proyektirovaniya sel'skogo i kolkhosnogo stroitel'stva.

(Swine houses and equipment)

ACCESSION NR: AT4014056

8/3073/63/000/000/0283/0289

AUTHOR: Postnikov, V. S.; Gorshkov, G. A.

TITLE: Investigation of cyclic strength of metals by the method of internal friction

SOURCE: Prochnost' metallov pri peremenny*kh nagruzkakh; materialy* tret'yego soveshchaniya po ustalosti metallov, 1962 g. Moscow, Izd-vo AN SSSR, 1963, 283-289

TOPIC TAGS: cyclic strength, metal strength, metal fatigue, internal friction, fatigue failure, microfissure, metal crystal, microcrack

ABSTRACT: The cyclic strength of metals and the phenomenon of their fatigue failure have been investigated over a period of more than 100 years. As a result, physical evidence has been obtained to construct a general theory of fatigue failure. Although a firmly established point of view does not exist with regard to fatigue failure, at the present time three phases in the formation of a fatigue fracture can be noted. The first phase is connected with the strengthening of crystals unfavorably oriented with respect to the field of acting forces and with the occurrence of subtle sliding in these crystals. In the second phase, loosening begins to take place in some crystalites. The nature of this loosening is thoroughly understood but some authors conceive this loosening takes the form of dispersed ruptures of interatomic ties. Others believe that this loosening results in the

Card 1/4

ACCESSION NR: AT4014056

appearance of microfissures during the second phase. In the third phase, the development of the loosening process results in micro- and macro-cracks of fatigue. The authors have tried to clarify the physical picture of the different phases of fatigue failure, particularly the early stages of this process. Fatigue tests have been made on aluminum (99.98%), cadmium (99.9%), zinc (99.99%), and Cd-Zn alloys (0.5, 2.95, 10, and 17.4% Zn). All test specimens were 100mm long bars of a section 0.4-1mm², and were annealed before the tests. Internal friction was measured by a device designed on the principle of a torsional pendulum. As a measure of inner friction, the logarithmic decrement divided by 7 has been used. Zero-to-maximum axial cyclic deformation was imposed by a generator of mechanical oscillations GMK-1, fed by an alternating current from a sound generator GZ-2. Torsional fully reversed loading was imposed by a special device. The influence of cyclic deformation in axial zero-to-maximum tension and in reversed torsion was determined on: (1) the temperature dependence of internal friction; and (2) the internal friction at constant temperature. The influence of intermediate annealing was also determined in some experiments. The rate of change in internal friction and the number of cycles to failure were correlated. In the case of the Cd-Zn alloys, these values were plotted against the zinc content in the alloy. As a result of the investigations it has been noted that, independently of the type of cyclic deformation, its influence noticeably increases the internal friction during the first cyclic range (corresponding to the first phase of the formation of a fatigue

Card 2/4

ACCESSION NR: AT4014056

failure) at low temperatures (20-300C for aluminum), and sharply increases the internal friction at high temperatures (above 0.6 of the melting point). This has been explained by an increase in the number of inner defects in the crystal structure. The increase in internal friction discontinues when the number of defects reaches a maximum value attainable under the given conditions. At this stage the loosening of the metal structure begins, explained by coagulation of vacancies. The resulting formation of micro-pores and microfissures does not increase the internal friction, and corresponds to the second phase. During the third phase in which micro-fissures develop into fatigue cracks, the internal friction is slightly increased. The investigations into changes in internal friction of metals under cyclic loading, depend on the number of cycles, test temperature, annealing temperature, and the alloy content, have somewhat clarified the question of the physical character of fatigue failure phases. The observed sensitivity of internal friction to the influence of cyclic deformation proves that subtle physical changes occur during the first phase of fatigue failure. Systematic investigations of $Q^{-1}(N,T)$ should be conducted to discover these changes. It is necessary to continue the study of correlations established by the authors between the rate of change of inner friction and the cyclic strength of metals and alloys. Orig. art. has: 4 figures.

ASSOCIATION: None

Card 3/4

ACCESSION NR: AT4014056

SUBMITTED: 00

SUB CODE: MM

DATE ACQ: 20Feb64

NO REF 80V: 013

ENCL: 00

OTHER: 006

4/4

Cord

GOROSHKOV, G. P.

Goroshkov, G. P. (Discussion) The works of I. V. Stalin in the field of linguistics and the problem concerning the role of science in the system of basis and superstructure. P. 139

SO: <u>Herald of the Moscow University</u> (Vestnik), Series on Physical, Mathematical and Natural Sciences, No. 2, Vol. 6, No. 3, 1951

GOROSHKOV, G.P., red.; RAGOZIN, L.A., red.

[Geological problems of Krasnoyarsk Territory] Voprosy geologii Krasnoiarskogo kraia. Moskva, Izd-vo Mosk. univ., 1964. 342 p. (MIRA 18:12)

1. Moscow. Universitet. Geologicheskiy fakulitet.

TAR TERMS (1997年) できることが、 1997年 19

(Rain and rainfall)	Methodology of determining the calcul effective rainfalls in the forest-ste the European part of the U.S.S.R. Trumo.11:255-279 '61.	ated parameters opposed steppe zoody Lem. gidromet. (MIRA 16:1)	f nes of inst.	
	(Rain and rainfall)			

Methodology of determining calculated rates of flow in setablishing maximum discharges, Trudy Leng gidromet, inst. Ro.11:152-159 '61. (MIRA 16:1) (Streammeasurements)

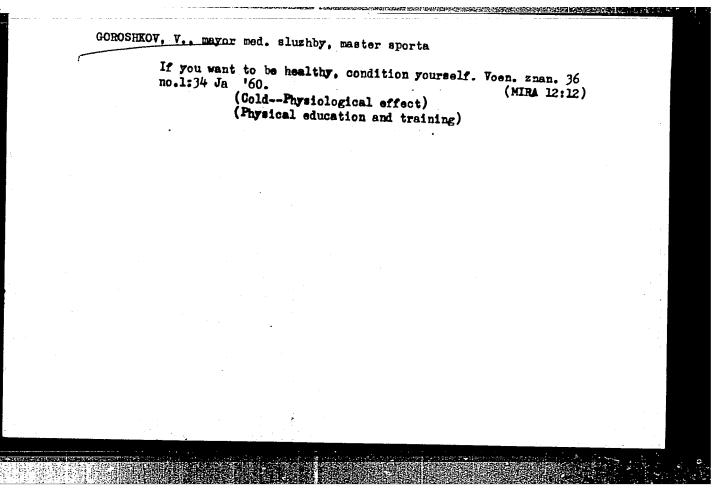
GORDSHAW, I. T.

Dissertation: "Juestion of the Transport Capacity of Irrigation Canals of the Amuber'ya Irrigation and Jechanization of Agriculture (TIIIMSKN), 22 Jun 54. (Fravda Vostoka, Tashkent, 8 Jun 54.)

20: 302 318, 23 Dec 1954

TSVETIKOVA, N.F.; YEFREMOV, A.V., kand. tekhn. nauk, atv. red.; ARAL YANTS, S.Kh., doktor tekhn. nauk, prof., red.; GOROSHKOV, I.I., kand. tekhn. nauk, red.; PROZOROV, G.I., red.

[Technological conditions and norms in the designing of irrigation settling basins] Tekhnicheskie usloviia i normy po proektirovaniiu irrigatsionnykh otstioinikov. Tashkent, Izv-vo "Nauka" UZSSR, 1964. 66p. (Voprosy gidrotekhniki, no.19)



•	422	KOVED FOR RELEASE: 08/25/2000
GORO	s \	Kov, V. D.
		FREE NOTE HER STATE OF THE STATE - THE STATE OF THE - THE STATE OF THE
USSR/ Win	ing	- 글로 마르는 이 시간 그리가 물리를 가지 않는데, 이 그리고 있는데 그는 그리고 있는데 그를 가는 것을 받는데 보다 되었다.
Card 1/1		Pub. 124 - 11/39
Authors		Goroshkov, V. D.
Title	•	Employment of radioactive methods in coal dressing processes
Periodical		Vest. AN SSSR 26/2, 79-80, Feb 1956
Abstract	•	The possibility of using gamma-rays for the solution of numerous important mining-mineralogical problems existing during coal mining and dressing processes, is discussed. Cobalt-60, selenium-75 and thallium-204, are suggested as the best sources for gamma-radiation for the detection and control of the ash content in coal.
Institution) :	마르크 마스크 프로마 (1987년 1월 1982년 1일 1982년 1일 1982년 1일 1982년 1일 1982년 1982년 1982년 1982년 1982년 1982년 1982년 1982년 1982 1982년 - 1982년
Submitted	•	
하는데 그는 하는 등이 하는	: G	的形式是基本的产生设计,这种规则是基本的设计,是是包含的基础的产品,但是一个企业的企业,是一个企业的主义和各位的企业的企业,是这个基础的产品。

ACCESSION NR: AP4037068 8/0129/64/000/005/0052/0054 AUTHOR: Andreyev, I. V.; Gorshkov, V. P.; Dityatkovskiy, Ya. M. MITIE: The effect of a hot-metal medium on the mechanical properties of steel SOURCE: Metallovedeniye i termicheskaya obrabotka metallov, no. 5, 1964, 52-54 TOPIC TAGS: not metal, none sustenitic steel, deformation, Cd, Zn, Pb, Sn, intermetallic compound, brittle failure, stress relaxation, supercritical temperature, diffusion, hot dipping . A. Ar ABSTRACT: The authors investigated the effects of low-melting metal on the mechanical properties of non-austenitic steels at different temperatures and rates of deformation. The specimens were standard threaded and had a 5 mm diameter. A 15 mu thick cadmium and zinc layer was deposited by sherardizing, lead and tin by hot dipping. At supercritical test temperatures the properties of plated and unplated steel were found to be almost identical. The critical temperature depends on the steel, the coating and the rate of deformation. As the latter increases, the temperature range of the brittle failure is extended while the relative value of the decrease of plastic properties is somewhat lowered. At a low deformation

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/25/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000516310017-7"

ACCESSION NR: AP4037068

rate, the coating has an adverse effect on the steel giving rise to crack formation Sherardizing conspicuously reduced plastic properties of "45", "40KhNMA" and "30KhGSA" steel within a narrow temperature range. As a result of the formation of intermetallic Fe-Zn compounds, the transformation of the brittle state into the plastic state is irreversible in sinc-plated specimens and reversible in Sn-, Pb-and Cd-plated steels. Stressrupture tests with Cd- and Zn-plated "30KhGSA" steel showed that during the application of low stresses, the time before failure coincides in Cd-plated and unplated specimens. At increased stress application, the time before failure decreases appreciably and deformation is greatly accelerated directly before rupture. Zinc-plating has a greater effect at lowered stress application and prolonged testing periods. A hot metal medium was found to lower the surface energy, inhibit formation of new surfaces and favor crack formation. Elevated temperatures or decreased deformation rates enhance the effects of stress relaxation. In applying supercritical temperatures for a predetermined deformation rate, stresses are inhibited and prevent brittle failure. The authors assume that diffusion processes are significant in the process of stress relaxation. Orig. art. has: 4 figures and 1 table.

ASSOCIATION: None

Card 3/3

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/25/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000516310017-7

_						
	· ·				• • • • • •	
	• ,	4 				
	ACCESSION	NR:	AP4037068			
÷.	SUBATIVED	: 00	D	MTE ACQ: 05Jun	64 excl:	00
	SUB CODE.	MM		10 REST SOV: 005	OWIE	u 001
	Card 3/3_				t alikasi salah salah salah salah s a	
-				*****		

112-57-7-14580D

Translation from: Referativnyy zhurnal, Elektrotekhnika, 1957, Nr 7, p 119 (USSR)

AUTHOR: Goroshkov, Yu. I.

TITLE: Methods for Determining Loads Applied to Contact-Network Supports of Electrified Main-Line Railroads in Case of a Conductor Break (Metody opredeleniya nagruzok, deystvuyushchikh na opory kontaktnoy seti elektrifitsirovannykh magistral'nykh zheleznykh dogor pri obryve provodov)

ABSTRACT: Bibliographic entry on the author's dissertation for the degree of Candidate of Technical Sciences, presented to Vses. n.-i. in-t zh.-d. transp. (All-Union Scientific-Research Institute of Railroad Transportation).

ASSOCIATION: Vses. n.-i. in-t zh.-d transp. (All-Union Scientific-Research Institute of Railroad Transportation)

Card 1/1

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/25/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000516310017-7

SOV/124-58-1-1227

Translation from: Referativnyy zhurnal, Mekhanika, 1958, Nr 1, p 154 (USSR)

AUTHOR:

Goroshkov, Yu. I.

TITLE:

Determination of the Loads Acting on the Support of a Contact-wire Network Upon the Rupture of a Single Wire (Opredeleniye nagruzok, deystvuyushchikh na opory kontaktnoy seti pri obryve odinochnykh provodov)

PERIODICAL: Vestn. Vses. n.-i. in-ta zh.-d. transp., 1957, Nr 2, pp 27-32

ABSTRACT:

An investigation of the practicability of using the equivalent~span method for the determination of the loads that act on the supports of a contact-wire network upon the rupture of a single wire; it is established that the error encountered in such calculations does not exceed 5 percent.

Reviewer's name not given

Card 1/1

VLASOV, Ivan Ivanovich, doktor tekhn.nauk; PORSHNHV, Boris Georgiyevich, insh.; FRAYFEL'D, Aleksandr Vladimirovich, kand.tekhn.nauk; Prinimali uchastiye; GOROSHKOV, Yu.I., kand.tekhn.nauk; BARANOVA, M.A., inzh., MAZURSKIY, E.M., inzh., retsenzent; SIDOROV, N.I., inzh., red.; VERINA, G.P., tekhn.red.

[Designing the contact network of electric railroads] Proektirovanie kontaktnoi seti elektrifitsirovannykh zheleznykh dorog.
Moskva, Gos.transp.zhel-dor.izd-vo, 1959. 299 p. (MIRA 12:10)
(Electric railroads-Wires and wiring)

Correct selection of specifications for wire contact clips.

Blek.i tepl.tiaga 3 no.10:41-42 0 '59. (MIRA 13:2)

(Blectric railroads—Wires and wiring)

MOSTINSKIY, I.B., inzh.; ENGEL'S, G.G., inzh.; GOROSHKOV, Yu.I., kand. tekhn.nauk

Efficient design for joint clamps of contact wires. Vest.TSNII MPS 18 no.3:46-48 My 59. (MIRA 12:8) (Electric railroads--Wires and wiring)

GOROSHKOV, Yu.I., kand.tekhn.nauk; SHISHKOV, V.F., ingh.

Small sectional insulators with insulating inserts made from glass textolite. Vest. TSHII MPS 17[i.e. 19] no.7:38-40

(**MIRA 13:11)

(**Electric insulators and insulation)

(**Glass reinforced plastics)*

BILIK, Sh.M., doktor tekhn.nauk; GOROSHKOV, Yu.I., kand.tekhn.nauk; SHISHKOV, V.F., insh.

Plastic wire clamps. Elek. i tepl. tiaga 4 no.11:12-14 N *60.

(Electric railroads—Wires and wiring)

(Electric railroads—Wires and wiring)

L 11159-63

EPR/EMP(j)/EPF(c)/EMT(m)/BDS-AFFTC/ASD-Ps-4/Pc-4/P:-4:

RM/WW

ACCESSION NR: AT3002182 S/2917/62/000/242/0112/0133

AUTHOR: Bilik, Sh. M. (Dr. of technical sciences); Goroshkov, Yu. I. (Candidate of technical sciences); Luk yanchikov, I. K. (Engineer); Shishkov, V. F. (Engineer)

Insulating plastic bars as a small-size sectionalizing insulator TITLE:

SOURCE: Moscow. Vsesoyuzny*y nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institutezheleznodorozhnogo transporta. Trudy, no. 242, 1962. Primeneniye plastmass na zheleznodorozhnom transporte, 112-133

TOPIC TAGS: plastic sectionalizing insulator, KAST plastic, ISS-27,5 porcelain sectionalizing insulator

ABSTRACT: Extensive experimental investigations are reported of plastic materials for and design of a sectionalizing insulating bar intended for overhead contact wires in electrical railroad systems. Mechanical tests permitted to choose a 16-plyglass-textolite bonded by BF-2 resin as the most suitable material for the bar. Its breaking load was 1.375 kg/sq cm. This material is manufactured (trademark KAST) by the Orekhovo-Zuyevo plant "Karbolit" according to the standard specifications TU285-54.6 Its electrical characteristics are reported in the article. The KAST bars were given 3 coats (ED-5 epoxy resin, E-4020 sealer based on ED-6 epoxy,

Card 1/2

L 11159-63 ACCESSION NR# AT3002182

and KMF-6 silicone finish) as a weather-and-arc proofing. The bars were tested for electrical strength, arc-resistance, and weather; all associated experiments, data, and selection criteria are reported in detail. Two parallel plastic bars were arranged to replace a heavy ISS-27,5 porcelain sectionalizing insulator in an actual electric rr contact-conductor line. Trains with different pantographs, at various speeds, were passed under the test insulator. In addition, its electric strength was tested after it was subjected to the combined actions of weather and locometive steam and smoke. The pantograph-wire break lasted 0.18 sec at speeds 109-120 km/hr. A two-year trial operation of 173 plastic-bar sectionalizing insulators on East-Siberian and Moscow railroads revealed a number of defects, breakdowns, etc. which are analyzed, along with suggested remedies, in the article. Orig. art. has: 13 figures and 6 tables.

ASSOCIATION: Vsesoyuzny*y nauchno-issledovatel*skiy institut zheleznodorozhnogo transporta (All-Union Scientific Research Institute of Railroad Transport)

SUBMITTED: 00

DATE ACQD: 10May 63

ENCL: 00

SUB CODE: 00 c

NO REF SOV: 000

OTHER: 000

Card 2/2

GOROSHKOV, Yu.I., kand. tekhn. nauk

Experimental testing of overhead contact systems. Vest
TSNII MFS 22 no.4:14-18 '63. (MIRA 16:8)

(Electric railroads—Wires and wiring)
(Electric lines—Overhead)

GOROSHEOV, Yu.N., kand. tekhn. nauk; KUPTSOV, Yu.Ye., inzh. SHISHKOV, V.F., inzh.

Boltless clip for contact conductors developed by the Central Scientific Research Institute of the Ministry of Railroad Transportation. Vest. TSHI MPS 18 no.7:61-63 N '59.

(MIRA 13:2)

(Electric railroads—Vires and wiring)

GORCSHKOVH, G. N.

30-2-14/49

AUTHOR:

Goroshkova, G. N., Candidate of Historical Sciences

TITLE:

Discussion of Topical Problems of Recent History (Obsuzhdeniye aktual'nykh problem noveyshej istorii)

On the Results of the Scientific Meeting of Historians in Leip-

zig (K itogam nauchnoy sessi istorikov v Leyptsige)

PERIODICAL:

Vestnik Akademii Nauk SSSR, 1958,

Mr 2, pp.62-64(USSR)

ABSTRACT:

The meeting of historians from the USSR and the DDR took place from November 25 - 30, 1957, in Leipzic. Two problems were discussed: the influence of the October revolution on Germany and the main tendencies of the reactionary historical writing of the second world war. Approximately 500 Marxist historians from 12 countries took pat in the neeting: from the USSR, DDR, Poland, Czechoslovakia, Rumania, Hungary, Bulgaria, Albania, France, Italy, Austria and Japan. Albert Schreiner and A. S. Yerusalimskiy reported on the first problem. On this item the meeting could not arrive at a definite result. Leo Schtern, P. A. Zhilin and D. Ye.

Card 1/2

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/25/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000516310017-7"

Mel'nikov reported on the second problem. Even Otto Korfes

Discussion of Topical Problems of Recent History.

Results of the Scientific Meeting of Mistorians in Leipzig

and Rudol'f Bamler, former generals of the German Armed Forces, rose to speak. Wal'ter Bartel' reported on the collaboration of Soviet and German resistance fighters in the concentration camp of Buchenwald. Ilse Krause and Leo Mebenzahl spoke on the same subject. It became evident that a number of problems concerning the history of the second world war are not yet settled. On the Soviet part the following historians took part: Z. K. Eggert, G. A. Belov, F. F. Golovachev, V. I. Salov, V. G. Bryunin, V. D. Kul'bakin, V. T. Fomin, B. G. Tartakovskiy and G. V. Goroshkova. The reports of the Soviet historians were subject to a comprehensive and profitable criticism. A special edition of the proceedings of this meeting in two volumes is being prepared.

AVAILABLE: Library of Congress

1. Historians-USSR 2. History-USSR 3. Scientific organizations-USSR

Card 2/2

sov/30-59-1-45/57

AUTHOR:

Goroshkova, G. N., Candidate of Historical Sciences

TITLE:

40 Years Since the November Revolution in Germany (40-letiye

Noyabr'skoy revolyutsii v Germanii)

PERIODICAL:

Vestnik Akademii nauk SSSR, 1959, Nr 1, pp 128-130 (USSR)

ABSTRACT:

The fourth meeting of the Komissiya istorikov SSSR i GDR (Committee of Historians of the USSR and the German Democratic Republic) took place in Moscow from November 14 till November 20, 1958. Together with the Otdeleniye istoricheskikh nauk Akademii nauk SSSR (Department of Historical Sciences, USSR), the Obshchestvo sovetsko-germanskoy druzhby i kuliturnoy svyazi Soviet-German Friendship and Cultural (Association for Relations), the Vsesoyuznoye obshchestvo po rasprostraneniyu politicheskikh i nauchnykh znaniy (All-Union Association for the Propagation of Political and Scientific Knowledge) the Committee held a solemn meeting on November 14, 1958 which was devoted to the 40th anniversary of the November Revolution in Germany. The meeting was attended by: members of the embassy of the German Democratic Republic with Ambassador Johannes Koenig (Iogannes Kenig), Academician Leo Stern (Shtern), Rector of the

Card 1/3

SOV/30-59-1-45/57

40 Years Since the November Revolution in Germany

Martin Luther (Lyuter) University in Halle, Professor Lena Berg, Director of the Institut obshchestvennykh nauk pri TeK SEPG (Institute of Social Science at the CC, SED), Professor Walter Bartel (Val'ter Bartel'), Director of the Institut sovremennoy istorii (Institute for Modern History), Professor Fritz Knittel, (Frits Knittel'), Director of the Department for the Workers' Union of the Institut marksizma-leninizma pri TsK SEPG (Institute for Marxism-Leninism at the CC,SED), Docent Stefan Dernberg, who holds the Chair for General History of the Institut obshchestvennykh nauk (Institute for Social Sciences). Academician Ye. M. Zhukov opened the meeting. Short addresses were delivered by: Professor A. S. Yerusalimskiy, chairman of the Soviet Section of the Committee of Historians of the USSR and the German Democratic Republic, and Academician Leo Stern, chairman of the German Section. Scientific reports concerning the German and the Russian Revolution were held by Academician I. I. Mints who spoke about the November Revolution of 1918 and the situation of the Soviet Republic, and by Professor Lena Berg who held the following report "the formation of the Communist Party in Germany as a turning point in German history". Finally Koenig, Ambassador of the German Democratic

Card 2/3

SOV/30-59-1-45/57

40 Years Since the November Revolution in Germany

Republic spoke about the friendship between the two peoples. On November 18, a joint meeting was held by the Committee of Historians of the USSR and the German Democratic Republic and the Gruppa po izucheniyu istorii Germanii pri Institute istorii Akademii nauk SSSR (Group for the Study of German History at the Institute of History of the AS USSR) which was devoted to the November Revolution. Reports were delivered by Ya. S. Drabkin, Leo Stern and Walter Bartel. On November 20, a meeting of the uchenyy sovet Instituta istorii Akademii nauk SSSR (Scientific Council of the Institute for History of the AS USSR) took place in which German scientists participated. Reports delivered by the following scientists were heard: A. S. Yerusalimskiy, V. I. Shunkov, A. A. Guber, W. Bartel, L. Stern. The next meeting of the Committee is anticipated for May, 1959 to be held in Berlin and is intended to deal with the topic: "German Imperialism and the Second World War". The Committee regarded the publication of collective volumes "Trudy Komissil istorikov SSSR i GDR" from 1959 onwards as useful. There is 1 Soviet reference.

Card 3/3

YERUSALIMSKIY, A.S., doktor ist. nauk, otv. red.; AYZIN, B.A., kand. ist. nauk, red.; GALKIN, I.S., doktor ist. nauk, red.; GOROSHKOVA, G.N., kand. ist. nauk, red.; SMIRIN, M.M., doktor—ist. nauk, red.; TARTAKOVSKIY, B.G., red. izd-va; NOVICHKOVA, N.D., tekhn. red.

[German labor movement in the modern period]Germanskoe rabochee dvizhenie v novoe vremia; sbornik statei i materialov. Moskva, Izd-vo Akad. nauk SSSR, 1962. 405 p. (MIRA 15:10)

1. Akademiya nauk SSSR. Institut istorii.
(Germany—Labor and laboring classes)

EYKOV, I.Ye.; GORSHKOVA, L.S.

Lead determination in leaded brass. Trudy Inst.met.UFAN SSSR no.3:127-129 '59. (MIRA 13:4)

(Brass--Analysis) (Lead--Analysis)

GOROSHKOVA, V.A.,; FRUKHT, D.L.

Lower Triassic sediments in the Volga Valley near Kineshma and
Kostroma, in the Vetluga Basin, and along the upper Kama and Vyatka.

Geol. mefti Supplement to no. 7:65-68 *58 (MIRA 11:8)

1. Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy geologo-razvedochnyy neftyanoy institut.

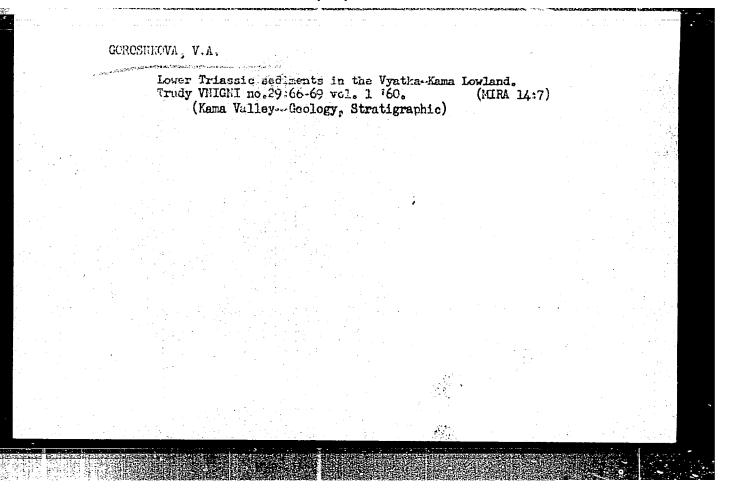
(Geology, Stratigraphic)

	Stratigraphy and lithology of Permian sediments in the Shikt Chepetskiye wells 1 and 2. Trudy VNIGNI no.20:88-97 '59.	13:6)	
	(Vyatka Uval-Geology, Stratigraphic)	-,,	
		\$ ·	•
			:
•		il	? .

GOROSHKOVA, V.A.; IVANOVA, Z.P.; MELIKOVA, I.M.; RYZHOVA, A.A.; SUVOROV, P.G.; TUNYAK, A.P., kurator; SHARAYEVA, Ye.V.

Oparino key well. Trudy VNIGHI no.26:5-64 '60. (MIRA 14:1)

(Russian Flatform—Petroleum geology)



GOHOSHNIKOV, B.I.; DZHUN', V.S.; KUKOLEV, G.V.; MARCHENKO, Ye.Ya.; SKOMAROVCKAYA, L.A.: CHASHKA, A.I.; SHCHUKAREVA, L.A.; YURK, Yu.`u.; doktor gool.-miner. nauk, prof.; Yur'YEV, L.D.; SERDYUK, O.P., red.

[Granitoid rocks in the Azov Sea region and prospects for using them in the ceremic and glass industries] Granitoid-nye porody Priazov'ia i perspektivy ikh ispol'zovaniia v keramicheskom i stekol'nom proizvodstvakh. Pod red. Iu.Iu. Iurka. Kiev, Naukova dumka, 1964. 142 p. (MIRA 17:9)

1. Akademiya nauk URSR. Kiev. Instytut mineral'nykh resursiv.

GOROSHNIKOV

15-57-8-11215D

Translation from: Referativnyy zhurnal, Geologiya, 1957, Nr 8,

p 151 (USSR)

AUTHOR:

Goroshnikov, B. I.

TITLE:

Geological Structure of the Southern Part of the Saksagan Iron Ore Band of Krivoy Rog (Geologicheskaya struktura yuzhnoy chasti Saksaganskoy zhelezorudnoy

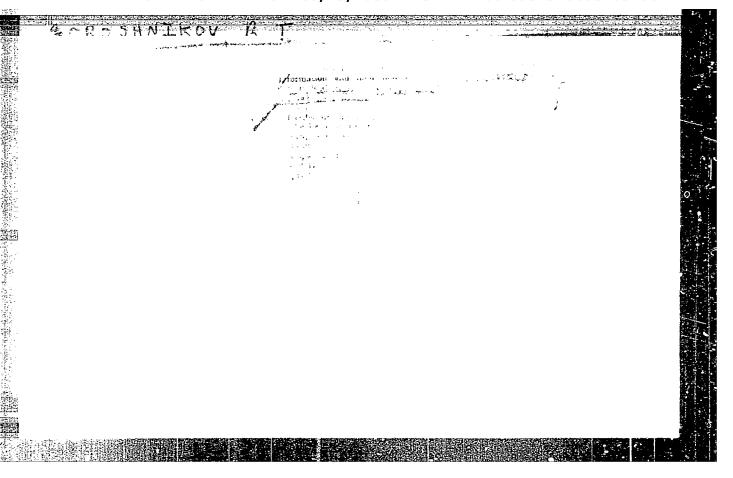
polosy Krivogo Roga)

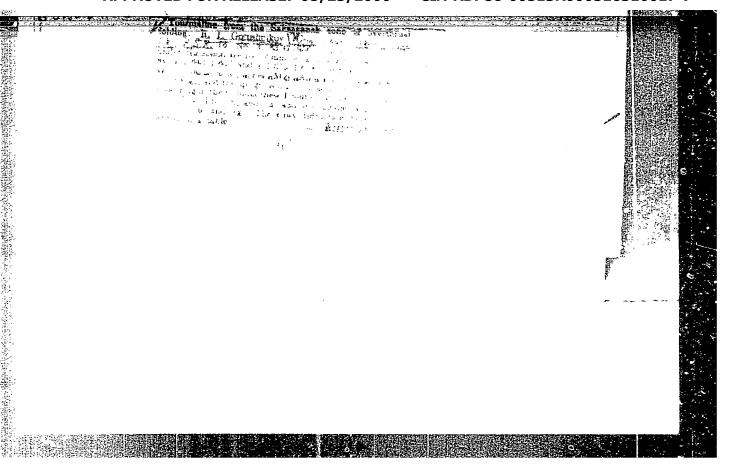
ABSTRACT:

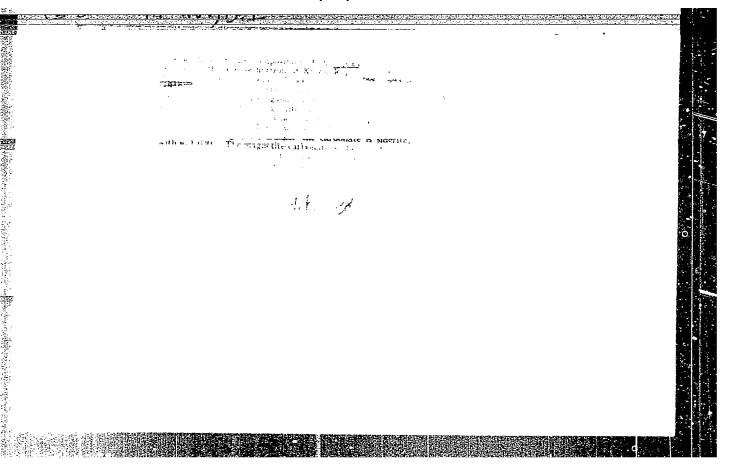
Bibliographic entry on the author's dissertation for the degree of Candidate of Geological and Mineralogical Sciences, presented to Kiyevsk. un-t (University of Kiyev), Kiyev, 1956

ASSOCIATION: Kiyevsk. un-t (University of Kiyev)

Card 1/1







GOROSHNIKOV, B.I.

Igneous rocks in the pebble conglomerates of the lower beds of the Krivoy Rog metamorphic series. Dokl. AN SSSR 109 no.1:169-172 J1-Ag *56. (MIRA 9:10)

1. Institut geologicheskikh nauk Akademii nauk USSR. Predstavleno akademikom D.S. Korshinskim.
(Krivoy Rog--Rocks, Igneous)

AKIMENKO, N.M.; BELEVTSEV, Ya.N.; GOROSHNIKOV, B.I.; DUBINKINA, R.P.;
ISHCHENKO, D.I.; KARSHENBAUN, A.P.; KULISHOV, M.P.; LYASHCHENKO,
K.P.; MAKSIMOVICH, V.L.; SKURIDIN, S.A.; SIROSHTAH, R.I.; TOKHTUTEV,
G.V.; FOMENKO, V.Yu.; SHCHERBAKOVA, K.F.; SEMENOV, M.V., red.izd-va;
AVERKIYEVA, T.A., tekhn.red.

[Geological structure and iron ores of the Krivoy Rog Basin]
Geologicheskoe stroenie i sheleznye rudy Krivorozhskogo basseina.
Moskva, Gos. nauchno-tekhn.izd-vo lit-ry po geologii i okhrane
nedr, 1957. 278 p.

(Krivoi Rog Basin--Geology)

Columnar calcites in basaltic rocks of the southern part of the Donets Basin. Geol.zhur. 18 no.6:84-90 '58.

(Donets Basin.—Calcite)

AUTHOR:

Goroshnikov, B. I., Sakhatskiy, I. I. 20-119-5-45/59

TITLE:

On the Alluvial Deposits of Ilmenite in the Tertiary Deposits of the Southern Border of the Donbass (O rossypyakh il menita v tretichnykh otlozheniyakh yuzhnoy okrainy Donbassa)

PERIODICAL:

Doklady Akademii Nauk SSSR, 1958, Vol. 119, Nr 5, pp. 1003-1005 (USSR)

ABSTRACT:

Until recently the above-mentioned ilmenite deposits were along the northern contact of the Precambrian rocks of the Priazovskiy crystalline massif with younger sedimentary formations only known of the Cretaceous deposits near the village of Chernigovka (district of Zaporozh'ye). But in the year 1957 they were discovered in younger, tertiary deposits by the Ministery for Geology and the Protection of Mineral Resources of the USSR (Ministerstvo geologii i okhrany nedr SSSR) and by the Institute of the authors. These latter are quietly deposited between the villages of Novo-Troitskoye and Karakuba on a washed

Card 1/4

On the Alluvial Deposits of Ilmenité in the 20-119-5-45/59 Tertiary Deposits of the Southern Border of the Donbass

out surface of Precambrian and Paleozoic rocks. Although the stratigraphy here has not yet been sufficiently investigated, these deposits were conditionally (reference 4) classified with the non-subdivided Paleogenic. The ilmenite deposits are mainly bound to the upper horizons of the tertiary deposits of the district, namely to sands and weakly cemented sandstones. These latter predominantly consist of quartz with grains of feldspar transformed to kaolinite and of clay minerals. The quartz grains have a size of 0,1 - 1 mm. Ilmenite is here either uniformly scattered in the rock, or it occurs in nest-like accumulations or more rarely as interrupted, thin intermediate layers. The ilmenite grains are rolled, augulary rolled or more rarely of a thick-columnar shape (figure 1). It is brownish-black to light-brown in color, more rarely gray-brown or gray-white. Such a manifold coloring stems from the conversion to rutile and leukoxene. The The chemical analysis (performed by A. A. Stetsenko)

Card 2/4

On the Alluvial Deposits of Ilmenite in the 20-119-5-45/59 Tertiary Deposits of the Southern Border of the Donbass

showed in %: TiO₂ - 60,51; Fe₂O₃ - 31,25; FeO - 3,94; MnO - 1,14 and MgO - 1,30. As admixtures occur (according to the spectroscopic analysis by N. D. Dubitskaya): Si, Al and Ca - about 1 % each; Y, Na hundredths of %; V, Cr, Pb, Ni, Nb - thousandths of %; Co and Cu - tiny traces. Single grains of of monazite and zirconium occur (figure 3). According to their age these sands should be classified with the littoral--continental Eccenic deposits of the Buchakskiy or Kieyevskiy period. The paleobasalts which are widely distributed in the region are to be considered the basic source of the denudation of ilmenite. The ilmenite deposits are of an industrial interest. There are 3 figures and 6 references, 6 of which are Soviet. Institut geologicheskikh nauk Akademii nauk USSR (Institute for Geological Sciences, AS Ukrainian SSR)

ASSOCIATION:

Card 3/4

: On the Alluvial Deposits of Ilmenite in the Tertiary Deposits of the Southern Border of the Donbass 20-119-5-45/59

PRESENTED:

December 17, 1957, by D. S. Korzhinskiy, Member, Academy of Sciences, USSR

SUBMITTED: December 15, 1957

Card 4/4

BONDARENKO, P.M., inshener-geolog; GOROSHNIKOV, B.I., kand.geologo-mineralogicheskikh nauk; KULISHOV, M.P., kand.geologo-mineralogicheskikh nauk; KUCHER, V.N., geolog

Relationship between the Krivoy Rog metamorphic series and Saksagan plagioclastic granites. Sbor. nauch. trud. NIGRI no.2:132-142 59. (MIRA 14:1)

(Krivoy Rog Basin—Rocks, Crystalline and metamorphic)
(Saksagan Valley—Granite)

GOROSHNIKOV, B.I., kand.goologo-mineralogicheskikh nauk

Finding albitites in the southern part of the Saksagan band in the
Krivoy Rog. Shor. nauch. trud. NIGRI no.2:257-263 '59.

(MIRA 14:1)

(Saksagan Valley-Albitite)

GOROSHNIKOV, B.I. [Horoshnykov, B.I.]

Chlorophaeite from basalt rocks of the Donets Basin. Geol. zhur. 20 (MIRA 14:5)

(Donets Basin—Chlorophaeite)

GOROSHNIKOV, B.I. [Horoshnykov, B.I.]; NZHUN', V.S.

Problem of the microhardness of ilmenite and products in which it is used. Dop.AN URSR no.9:1267-1270 160. (MIRA 13:10)

1. Institut mineral nykh resursov AN USSR. Predstavleno akademikom AN USSR V.G.Bondarchukom.

(Ilmenite) (Hardness)

GOROSHNIKOV, B.I. [Horoshnykov, B.I.]

Concerning H.V.Tokhtuiev's article "Age relation between the Krivoy Rog metamorphic series on the one hand, and plagioclases and microcline-plagioclase granites on the other. Geol. zhur. 20 no.2: 118-120 '60. (MIRA 14:5)

(Krivoy Rog Basin-Petrology) (Tokhtuiev, H.V.)

GOROSHNIKOV, B.I. [Horoshnykov, V.I.]; DZHUN', V.S.

Epidote from migmatites in the western part of the Sea of Azov

region. Mat.z min.Ukr. no.2:106-111 '61. (MIRA 15:8)
(Azov Sea region-Dpidote) (Azov Sea region-Migmatites)

GOROSHNIKOV, B.I. [Horoshnykov, B.I.]; SAKHATSKIY, I.I. [Sakhats'kyi, I.I.]

Mineralogy of Tertiary sands in the southwestern margin of the

Donets Basin. Mat.z min.Ukr. no.2:129-136 '61. (MIRA 15:8)

(Donets Basin.—Sand)

GOROSHNIKOV, B.I. [Horoshnykov, B.I.]

Genesis of the porphyraceous granites of the western Azov area.

Dop. AN URSR no.4:528-534 '62. (MIRA 15:5)

1. Institut mineral'nykh resursov AN USSR. Predstavleno skademikom AN USSR N.P. Semenenko [Semenenko, M.P.].

(Azov Sea region—Granite)